

# The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, NOVEMBER 15, 1894.

NUMBER 23

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### COMMENT ON THE RESULT.

What Some of the Big Democratic Papers Have to Say of the Landslide.

New York World: The democratic party in the nation at large suffers a somewhat unjust but inevitable punishment for its failure to carry out the mandate of the people.

New York Post: That financial panic last year is not sufficient alone to account for it. Business depression, whatever may be its cause, always tells against the party in power. But in the present case a deeper gloom was added by the scandals connected with tariff legislation in congress.

St. Louis Post Dispatch.—All of the result not chargeable to the irrational influences of depression was caused by the triumph of the trusts and plutocratic agencies in President Cleveland's councils and in the Senate's action on the tariff bill. The failure of the Administration and the democratic party in congress to redeem party pledges and to deal honestly with the people brought disaster to the party all along the line.

Louisville Times: For more than thirty years the doctrine of paternalism has prevailed in this country. The people have been taught by the leaders of the dominant party that the government is the fount of prosperity—that the government makes good crops and keeps the kettle boiling in every household. Hence it is, whenever the crops are bad and the pot fails to boil, the people punish the party in power. It was so in 1874, it is so in 1894, not to mention the several examples between those dates. This year the party in power got a terrible licking—and worse still, in a large measure it had earned what it got.

Memphis Scimitar: The democracy was half beaten when the first of March found the Senators still wrangling over the tariff bill. It was hopelessly snowed under when southern and western democratic senators and congressmen went home and preached the doctrine of a degraded currency to their constituents.

Evansville Courier: The long era of depression in business, the wrangle among party leaders in the Senate, the failure of senators calling themselves democrats to stand by the only great captain that the party has developed since Tilden's day, the only one who has led his party to victory in forty-two years—these would be sufficient to account for the republican landslide all over the country.

Memphis Commercial: It was very unfortunate that the tariff bill was not passed earlier, so that the process of adjustment could have been completed before the election came on. As it was, the people were kept in doubt up to the last moment by the struggle between the senate and the house as to what the essential features of the bill would be, and when finally it became a law, the congressional election contests were on. A general election always has a depressing effect and therefore the revival of business so confidently looked for and expected has been delayed and the people, discouraged and disappointed, have visited their wrath upon the democratic party. This is the whole story.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The democratic collapse is too universal to be ascribed to anything other than universal and profound dissatisfaction. Never in the history of the country have the people been so disappointed in work of their own doing, and never before did they make such haste to undo it. With some the object of distrust has been the administration—with all, the party organization wherever it showed itself.

Chicago Herald: Democratic defeat results immediately from deplorable and inexcusable divisions in the party ranks and more remotely from a series of blunders at Washington, in which Grover Cleveland was the master spirit of evil.

St. Louis Republic: In the general canvass all the adventitious elements in politics were with the opposition. The sickle and the scythe were affec-

ted by the cry of demagogues that the party in power was responsible for business troubles. Weak hearted democrats stayed at home. Protection barons were induced to pour out their boodle into the hands of their political agents. Selfish office seekers who had been disappointed wrecked their vengeance and petty malice on party candidates. There were diversions on the details of a currency policy. Enthusiasts were not satisfied with the moderate reforms of the new tariff. The rich classes objected to paying a share of federal expenses by means of an income tax. Working men were pressed with appeals on the tariff issue from one side and on the use of a law to repress the violence of strikes from another side. Farmers were discouraged by the low prices of wheat and horses.

To some extent democratic disasters are the direct outcome of democratic dimensions and mistakes. President Cleveland has developed an incapacity for successful leadership, and he has not lacked for able assistance in the senate and house. The disastrous overturn in New York state is the result of blundering at Washington, and plundering in New York city. No party and no leadership could stand up under such a double load.—Philadelphia Record, Dem.

The democrats have been punished because the policy of the party has not been fairly carried out, but has been dwarfed, bungled and betrayed by a portion of the elected representatives of the people.—New York Times Dem.

General disgust with the disastrous delay and disgraceful harlequinade of the tariff bill, and the political outbursts in the Senate—hard times—calamity howling—monkeys with silver—fathering new issues before old ones are fairly on their feet—misrepresentation by protectionists of the new tariff law—denunciation of the law by the President and Senator Hill—organization of religious proscriptions into an A. P. A. and society to the Republican party. These are some of the reasons for the landslide.—Toledo Bee, Dem.

No party could stem such a mighty concerted flood of misrepresentation, aided as it was by the dilatoriness of the last congress in passing the Wilson Bill. Even the good effects of that measure and the almost total recovery from the depression of last year availed nothing. It came too late to materially aid democrats, work as they might to recover lost ground.—Wheeling Register, Dem.

As to the causes, there is as little question as there was when the Republicans were routed in 1892. In a measure, no doubt, it was due to the dissatisfaction of the people, and notably of democrats themselves, with the failure of congress to carry out in its completeness the work assigned it.—Detroit Free Press, Dem.

The stupid delays and dalliings of a damp democratic congress did the business.—Des Moines Leader, Dem.

The real cause of the defeat of the democrats, outside of New York, was the hard times. To a very great extent the democratic party is blamed for the money panic of 1893, and the distress that followed. Being in power it is held responsible for all the troubles, that come upon the country.—Savannah News, Dem.

There is no use beating about the bush in trying to find the true reason for democratic defeat. Let the republicans assign such reasons as please them. For our part, we are satisfied that the "hard times" did it.—Mobile Register, Dem. |

The dilly-dally, namby-pamby policy of a Democratic congress, which wasted months in useless palaver and indecision was one great cause of the popular reaction against the party in power. We have too many cheap John politicians in the congressional majority who spend the greater part of their time looking after their chances of reelection, in their districts and devoting their time to small politics.—Nashville Banner, Ind. Dem.

For constipation, indigestion, headache, liver complaint, and for all purgative purposes, take Ayer's Pills—the best for family use.

## GREAT NEW YORK.

Scheme For the Gigantic Consolidation Was Voted Upon Favorably.

Will Cover 317 Square Miles and Have a Population of 3,000,000.

New York, Nov. 7.—Returns for the vote in this city and Brooklyn on the "Greater New York" scheme indicate that a majority of the votes have been cast in favor of consolidation. A tabulation of the returns at police headquarters this morning shows that the vote in this city on the consolidation issue is 188,000 for and 83,000 against.

It is evident from the returns that a large percentage of the voters neglected to cast their ballots upon the question. It is estimated that the majority in New York city in favor of consolidation will reach at least 30,000.

In Brooklyn the latest returns show a total vote of 54,697 against the proposition, which makes it evident that the people of the two cities have given approval to the plan of consolidating the two municipalities by a good majority.

The scheme for the "Greater New York" proposes to consolidate under one city government New York and Brooklyn, the whole of Long Island, and Kings county with portions of Westchester and Queens counties; the whole area covered by the "Greater New York" will comprise more than 317 square miles. According to the last census the population of the cities, counties and towns which it is proposed to combine as the greater New York is only a few thousands short of 3,000,000.

The cities include New York, Brooklyn and Long Island City, and the towns of Westchester, and also covers the town of East Chester and Pelham, which lies south of a straight line drawn from a point where the northern line of the city of New York meets the city line of the Bronx river to the middle of the channel between Glen Island and Hunters island in Long Island Sound together with a part of the town of Homestead, which is westerly of a straight line drawn from the southeastern point of the town of Flushing through the middle of the channel between Rockaway Beach and Shelter island, to the Atlantic ocean.

In the bill which relates to the subject provision was only made for an expression of opinion on the part of the people as to the advisability of consolidation and this is what the vote means. The consolidation will not take effect until legislative provision shall be made on the subject of taxation, refunding debts, etc.

### Blew Off His Head.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 9.—James Flowers, a man with a large family, residing six miles from this city, committed suicide today by shooting himself with a musket.

### A Cloud Burst.

Paraná, Nov. 9.—A cloud-burst near Valencia, Venezuela, killed 150 people and damaged the coffee and other crops to the extent of half a million dollars. Houses have been leveled, bridges washed away, and travel generally suspended.

### Attorney General Olney.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Attorney General Olney, in conversation with friends during the past few months, expressed himself as anxious to return to private life, and that the duties and responsibilities of the position were wearing on him. His private law practice, it is said, is worth from \$30,000 to \$40,000 a year, and would be largely increased if he were free from official trammels.

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or croup as Chamberlain's cough remedy. He has used it in his family for several years, with the best results, and always keeps a bottle of it in the house. After having a gripe he was himself troubled with a severe cough. He used other remedies without benefit, and then concluded to try the children's medicine and to his delight it soon effected a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles are for sale by Moore & Orme.



## CALL JAPAN OFF.

CHINA APPEALS TO THE UNITED STATES FOR RELIEF.

This Government Requested to Intervene to Restore Peace.

Washington, Nov. 10.—As a result of negotiations now pending, it is confidently believed that the United States will very soon be asked to mediate between Japan and China, with a view to permanent peace, on a basis satisfactory to both countries. It can be stated positively that the United States has declined to join with the European powers in any arbitrary interference in the affairs of China, and is unwilling to act in any arbitrary manner, either individually or jointly with European nations, the representatives of the countries engaged in the war have been given to understand that the good offices of this government will be gladly exercised to secure peace, in case such is their expressed wish. Naturally, Japan incline to believe that China shall take the initiative, in any negotiations looking to a restoration of peace, but that she is entirely willing to accede to any reasonable proposition is not doubted at all.

## CAN'T STAND THE LIGHT.

A Man Whose Senses Are Susceptible to Both Sun and Moon.

Woodsville, Ky., Oct. 31.—One of the most respected citizens here is Geo. W. Dixon. He is a farmer and sixty-three years old. He is widely known and greatly respected. In 1863 he was stricken in the harvest field and taken home to die. He could talk and was conscious, but his body from his neck was rigid and appeared to be freezing with cold. His mother, for lack of better medicine, gave him a bottle of camphor. His body soon recovered its natural condition, but his head seemed burning with fever. Under a physician's care he recovered with one singular exception. Ever since, if he exposes himself to sunshine, whether or not it is hot, his body becomes rigid. It is equally bad for him to be in bright moonlight. For many years he has slept all day and done his work at night, plowing and sowing. On very bright nights he remained indoors or carried a shade. In all other respects Mr. Dixon is like his fellows. He expects to go to New York City soon to consult an eminent specialist.

Croup is a terror to young mothers. To protect them concerning the first symptoms and treatment is the object of this item. The first indication of croup is hoarseness. In a child who is subject to croup it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's cough remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the rough cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. It has never been known to fail. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Moore & Orme.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

## COOK'S TERRORS.

The Notorious Outlaws Again Raid An Indian Territory Town.

Two Persons Shot Down, One of Whom is Already Dead.

Coffeyville, Kan., Nov. 9.—Two of the Cook gang plundered the town of Lenape in the Indian Territory, and left a bloody trail behind them this afternoon. They entered the town in their character of bold bandits, without any attempt at concealment, and terrorized the citizens until they had carried out their plans of murder and robbery.

E. E. Melton, a brave young man who attempted to stop them with his gun when they were riding away, was shot and instantly killed. Another man, whose name can not be learned tonight, is reported to have been seriously wounded.

Both of the victims were with a small force of citizens, who hastily armed themselves and attempted to prevent the escape of the bandits. The robbers were mounted on fast horses and were heavily armed. Some of the citizens claim to have recognized them as Cherokee Bill and Jim Freuch, the well known lieutenants of Bill Cook, the leader of this notorious gang.

The robbers held up the proprietors of two stores and looted both places. They also robbed the post office. John Shuffelt, the proprietor of one store, was relieved of one hundred dollars and a gold watch. These were taken from his person.

Mr. Shuffelt proclaimed his loss to the town before the robbers had finished their work, and the band of citizens were almost between them and their horses when the robbers went away. The robbers were flying away before their would be captors could make a concerted movement. Melton was more rash than the others and met death in consequence. The news as it reached this city does not state in what manner or how seriously the second victim was injured.

A report says the bandits are headed for Coffeyville, which is only some fifteen miles from Lenape. This place is the scene of many tragic robberies, and the police department and volunteers are prepared to meet them in the same way they met the Daltons two years ago, when almost the entire band was wiped out.

### The Fear of Death.

Familiarity with death is apt to alter one's former conceptions of it. Two ideas are very generally accepted which experience shows to be false. One is that the dying usually fear death; and the other that the act of dying is accompanied by pain. It is well known to all physicians that when death is near its terrors do not seem to be felt by the patient. Unless the imagination is stimulated by the frightful portrayal of the supposed pangs of death, or of the sufferings which some believe the soul must endure after dissolution, it is rare indeed that the last days or hours of life are passed in dread.

Oliver Wendell Holmes has recorded his protest against telling a person who does not actually ask to know, that he can not recover. As that loving observer of mankind asserts, so must every one who knows whereof he speaks assert, that people almost always come to understand that recovery is impossible, it is rarely useful to tell any one that this is the case.

When nature gives the warning, death appears to be as little feared as sleep. Most sick persons are very, very tired; sleep—long, quiet sleep—is what they want. I have seen many people die. I have never seen one who seemed to fear death, except it was, or seemed to be, far away. Even those who are constantly haunted, while strong and well, with a dread of the end of life, forget their fears when that end is at hand. As for the act of dying—the final passage from life to death—it is absolutely without evidence that the oft repeated assertion of its painfulness are made. Most people are unconscious for some hours before they die, and in the rare cases where consciousness is retained until a few minutes before the end, the last sensation must be of perfect calm and rest. It is worse than cruel to add to the natural dread of death which oppresses the majority of us while in good health, the dread of dying. There is surely enough fear in this suffering world; let us not increase it by adding imaginary to real causes.—Dr. J. West Roosevelt, in Scribner's Magazine for October.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., 150th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

R. L. MOORE. J. H. ORME

## MOORE & ORME, DRUGGISTS

MAIN STREET MARION, KY.

Customers will find our stock complete in—  
BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC.,  
BRUSHES, FINE SOAPS, ETC.,  
SPONGES, OILS, LEAD  
Prescriptions from Pure Drugs, Prices Reasonable.  
We also handle Pure Brandy, Liqueurs and Wines; price from \$2 to \$5 per gallon

## G. G. HAMMOND

CARRIES A STOCK OF

Watches, Clocks Silverware AND SPECTACLES.

His Goods are as good as the best, don't be afraid of them because the prices are low. He is asking only a small profit. Everything is just as he represents it. He is a reliable man.

## J. H. RAMAGE, Contractor and Builder.

MARION, KENTUCKY.  
Contracts made for all kinds of buildings. Does the Best Work, at Remarkably Low Figures. Give him a trial.

While in Chicago, Mr. Charles L. Kahler, a prominent shoe merchant of Des Moines, Iowa, had quite a serious cold that he could hardly talk, or navigate, but the prompt use of Chamberlain's cough remedy cured him of his cold so quickly that others at the hotel who had had colds followed his example and half a dozen persons ordered it from the nearest drug store. They were profuse in their thanks to Mr. Kahler for telling them how to cure a bad cold so quickly. For sale by Moore & Orme.

Awful Explosion.  
At Huntington, Indiana, Friday, a fifty pound box of dynamite exploded, killing three men; the body of one was blown three hundred feet in the air, his legs blown off, both arms torn away, and his feet were shot through the weather boarding of a house.

For a pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel drenched with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief, and if used in time will often prevent a cold from resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by Moore & Orme.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

Cure for Headache.  
As a remedy for all forms of Headache, Electric Bitters has proved the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the power of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottle only fifty cents at the drug store of H. K. Woods.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

## ANYWHERE! EVERYWHERE!

SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS  
Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern RAILROAD.

To the Springs and Mountains of Virginia, To the Lakes and Woods of the North, To the Seashores and the Ocean, TO RIDE THE PROMINENT RESORTS

UNITED STATES AND CANADA

As well as to the Pleasant Spots near Home: GRAYSON SPRINGS, DAWSON SPRINGS, CRITTENDEN SPRINGS, CURELEAN SPRINGS, Famous for their Social, Healthful, and Economic Advantages.

LOCAL SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS are on sale between all stations within a distance of fifty miles, and WEEK END TICKETS will be sold to Louisville, Memphis, and Paducah, from points in the vicinity of those cities.

For a pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel drenched with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief, and if used in time will often prevent a cold from resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by Moore & Orme.

A. M. Bailey, a well known citizen of Eugene, Oregon, says his wife has been for years troubled with chronic diarrhoea and used many remedies with little relief until she tried Chamberlain's cholera, cholera and diarrhoea remedy, which has cured her sound and well. Give it a trial and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Moore & Orme.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

# DON'T Miss the Opportunity To Clothe yourself for winter,

## Great Line of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, CLOAKS, Boots, Shoes, and Hats.

Dont Fail to see them

## PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM CO.

INCORPORATED.

As we are knocking the Bottom out on Prices

### The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

The hard times did it.

They whipped us this time, but keep your eye on '96.

Texas is still safely Democratic, but there is nothing else that will do to brag on this fall.

The government was not created to feed and clothe the people; get that idea out of your head.

"Equal rights to all, exclusive privileges to none," is still the watchword of the Democratic party.

Livingston county will have another election December 20. This time it is for and against the sale of liquor. Just keep your eye on the "old lady."

Now that the election is over let us settle down to business. The first business should be, however, to settle up your subscription to the Press. Do not forget this little matter if you please.

If the Democratic party could have caused manna to fall from heaven, or if the President had been a Moses to smite a rock, and bring gushing forth a stream of plenty, nothing could have beaten us.

Cassius M. Clay, aged 84 years, wants to marry Dora Richardson, aged 15. It is said, "there is no fool like an old fool," but if the girl in this case is not as big a fool as the old fool there is not use fooling with a young fool.

Hon. Wade Hampton, Commissioner of Railroads, has recommended the establishment of a National Board of Railway Arbitration for the settlement of all disputes between railroads and their employees.

Breckinridge came very near being vindicated after all. He only lacked 101 votes—the size of Owens' majority over Denny. "Damn" a Democrat who will go into a convention or primary and then won't stick to the nominee.

When Crittenden county has to furnish jurors to try men accused of murder in Union county, it is mighty poor taste in that Morgannfield correspondent of the Courier-Journal to telegraph his paper that Crittenden is mobbing men twice at a time.

We are still proud of the old Gibraltar. In perilous times she has remained true to the faith. That shows the stuff first district Democracy is made of. It is easy enough to be a Christian during a big campaign, but only the truly good hold out when there is cussin' and drinking and betting all around them.

Mr. Green B. Crawford, who is the Democratic candidate for sheriff, is a member of the grand jury this week. Mr. Crawford is in the best of humor over his race, and thinks with everybody else that he made a good race under the circumstances. He had the most popular aim of the Republican ticket as an opponent.

The court house of Livingston county, that is the County seat, will not be moved this year. The vote on that question at the recent election was 889 for and 848 against removal. As the law requires that to win, the removal party must have a two-thirds majority, the removalists were in it like the Democrats were in Pennsylvania. Smithland is safe for ten years to come.

When the Democratic State Convention meets next year, if the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Tenth congressional district fellows don't say to the First and Second district FOLKS, "Help yourselves, gentlemen, to what you want. We will take what is left," then we will say that there was wisdom in the meanderings of a recent cyclone that passed over this country.

Our old and esteemed friend Ike Linley has suffered another defeat. He was the Populist candidate for county attorney, in Livingston county. Bill Clarke won by 401 majority.

Official returns from the congressional race in the First Kentucky district give Hendricks, 13,312; Keys, 10,786; Chittwood, 2,706; Harris, 492. This shows a plurality for Hendricks of 3,126 over Keys, and 11,206 over Chittwood, and a majority over both of 420.

The administration at Washington has decided upon another issue of bonds to replenish the gold reserve in Treasury. The late election was a rebuke of that policy, but Cleveland manifestly has a head of his own, and that head is not altogether a Democratic head either. Currency reform, it is said, will be the burden of the President's message to Congress.

The Morgannfield correspondent of the Courier-Journal found another hanging affair in Crittenden last week. He hung Gabe Nall and his son. It is needless to say that the item was another fabrication of the whole cloth. If the C.-J., and its unreliable correspondents will let up on this business of perpetrating slanders upon this county, we will execute a band to report to them any and all hangings that may occur here for years to come.

Mr. G. N. McGrew, one of the leading citizens of Livingston county, was in town Monday, mixing with the people and greeting his many friends in this county. Mr. McGrew's friends in both counties are soliciting him to be a candidate for the legislature. He has the matter under consideration and it is very probable that at the proper time his formal announcement will be found in the Press. Mr. McGrew is a splendid citizen and a good man all around.

The election news wasn't bad enough to send out from this county, so that Morgannfield fellow just said that there was a couple of hangings in Crittenden the night after the election. Some people are mighty hard to please. If our Princeton and Morgannfield friends who write to the Courier-Journal will just come, giving us a few hours notice, we will try to have a mob on hand to entertain them with a hanging or two. We know of a couple of fellows who, if they don't reform their ways, will shortly need hanging.

The last grand jury indicted a man for vagrancy, but when the case was called at this term of court it was wisely and promptly dismissed. Of course no Crittenden county man is a vagrant. We have plenty of crazy people, a few pauper idiots, and occasionally a man disturbs religious worship, but we draw the line at vagrancy.

How has the State of Kentucky gone this year? Democratic as usual. The Democrats carry the First district over the Republicans by ten thousand majority, the Second by 2,900, the Sixth by 2,500, the Seventh by 101, the Eighth by 1,400, the Tenth by 104, making a total of 15,005. The Republicans carry the Third by 900, the Fourth by 1000, and the Fifth by 4,506, the Ninth by 1000, and the Eleventh by 3,000, making a total of 10,406. This leaves the Democrats nearly 4,000 majority. Next year when Breckinridge is not a candidate and the other dissensions are not between the right, the State will go back to the usual 30,000 or 40,000.

The grand old First district is still the Gibraltar of the Kentucky Democracy. Hendricks leads his Republican opponent by a majority of ten thousand. Back in the thirties, when the "stars fell," a caravan of wagons encamped on the roadside near Green River. The whole party were alarmed at the awful phenomenon that appeared in the heavens. One of the wagoners said: "Boys, fix your eyes on the north star; if she moves I'll be d—d if we ain't in it." When the Gibraltar district falls us, then, indeed, is the Democratic party in for it.—Louisville Times.

### IT IS ONLY A HALT.

The Fight For Further Tariff Reform Must Go On.

Hon. William L. Wilson Discusses the Results of the Election.

In a letter to a New York paper of recent date, Hon. Wm. L. Wilson, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, has this to say in regard to the late election:

"None the less, however, it is the duty of the Democratic party, after such a reverse, to make a deliberate, honest and unflinching scrutiny into the causes and forces which wrought its overthrow, and into the condition in which it may remain its ascendancy with the American people. Undoubtedly there were local influences, as there were individual candidates and factional fights, that contributed to and emphasized the general result, but it must be admitted that there were strong forces everywhere operative, that really shaped and brought about that result.

"The greatest of all these forces was the severe industrial depression that for a year or more past has hardened the lot and made anxious the lives of a large section of our people. Hard times is an enemy before which no political party in America has ever made a successful stand in power. This is, and perhaps always will be, a weak point in popular government. When labor is out of employment, when farm products are low, when our financial system is disorganized, the wisest administration of government and the most wholesome laws do not avail to save a party from temporary and disastrous overthrow. More over the whole teaching of the protective system trains men to depend, not on individual effort, the plain virtues of industry, thrift and temperance, but on business prosperity and material comfort, for business and material aid and laws of Congress.

"Let me add, also, that we, together with all our progressive nation, are now passing through an era of change, of unrest, and of somewhat tumultuous agitation. The rapid adoption of the great instrument of modern industry and trade, the complete revolution which these are bringing about, in production and in distribution, their steady obliteration of immemorial handicrafts, their relocation of many industries—all these together with the unsettled relations between labor and capital, have swept us into an era where for some years it may be increasingly difficult for any party to hold onto the Federal Government for any long time.

"Without attempting to apportion the responsibilities for the hard times between the two parties, and stoutly disclaiming any large share of it for the Democratic party, I pass from these generalizations to the second point, and that is the defeat of tariff reform. I do not believe the people have repudiated or discarded tariff reform in their action last November, for when they voted for the whole ticket, they voted for the whole ticket. I do not believe that the people have repudiated tariff reform, for when they voted for the whole ticket, they voted for the whole ticket. I do not believe that the people have repudiated tariff reform, for when they voted for the whole ticket, they voted for the whole ticket.

"To contend, therefore, that the people have not chastised the Democratic party for doing what they put them in power to do, is to question their honesty and intelligence. If they have inflicted chastisement because of its dealers with the tariff it has been rather because the party did not carry out with sufficient promptness and thoroughness the work they committed to it, and because they have held the whole party responsible for the action of a few of the Rep-

resentatives in thwarting, delaying and opposing this great work. The long and indefensible delay in the Senate, the sinister suspicion that gathered around certain schedules and duties, they are frowned, nowhere more vigorously denounced than in the Democratic press of the entire country. Killed a disappointment and disgust among the rank and file of the party, but let us fairly and even misjudged facility in the recent elections.

"It is hazardous, of course, to indulge in hypotheses, but I have no doubt that had the bill which passed the House on the first day of February passed the Senate early as April or May, in substantially its original shape, the result in Missouri and in many other sections of the country would have been reversed, and the Democratic party might even have weathered the industrial storm, with credit if not success. Not only did this long delay and the nullification of the House bill chill and sower the Democratic masses, but it kept the business of the country in the torture of suspense and uncertainty, thus hardening and exasperating the crisis, and stirring up wrath against the whole party for the actions of a small number of its public servants. The bill as finally passed, though a vast improvement on the McKinley bill, was still so objectionable in some of its features that the President allowed it to become a law without his signature, and it had been in operation too short a time before the election came off for the people to see and appreciate its benefits.

"Again, I do not accept the view that tariff reform has suffered defeat, because I have not anywhere found Republican candidates advocating a repeal of the law. They have denounced it in general and declared against some rates which they deemed locally objectionable, but nowhere presented an affirmative platform demanding its repeal and a return to prior conditions. In tariff reform, as in reform generally, it is the first step that is the hardest, and I have always contended, in congress and on the hustings, that if we could once make a substantial breach in the protective benefits, the first reform and its visible benefits would carry them to a gradual overthrow of the entire system, without any general agitation, such as must precede and mark a first victory without the tumult and uncertainty which array against such a movement as that part of the business community which dreads nothing so much as change.

"By 1896 let us hope the clouds, already breaking, will have vanished from our skies. The new bill will then have shown its merits, the temporary scare and resentment against it will have spent their force, and I do not believe the Republican program will call for its repeal and a relapse to McKinleyism and mad protection. Every one knows that such reaction would not mean peace, but a fierce and unrelenting renewal of the old struggle.

DECEMBER AND MAY.

Gen. Cassius M. Clay, Aged 84, To Marry a Fifteen Year Old Girl.

Richmond, Ky., Nov. 10.—Hon. Cassius M. Clay, 84, aged 84, and Miss Dora Richardson, an orphan, aged 15, will be married this afternoon. She has been his ward, and he has been educating her. Her mother gave her away. Mr. Clay took out the marriage license this morning.

Man Eating Savages.

According to late advices from Australia, there has been an uprising of the natives in the islands near New Guinea, and the European settlers at the trading posts have been murdered and eaten. It is suggested that the semi-civilized tribes secured liquor at some of the stations and that its effect was to convert them again into the wild state from which they had so recently emerged. There were settlements of white people at a number of places, and it is feared that all have met the same horrible death.

The commission appointed by President Cleveland some months ago to investigate the trouble growing out of the Pullman railroad strike has, after hearing all sides, made its report. The commission has evidently honestly endeavored to get at the bottom of the affair, and the report has a share of adverse criticism for all connected with the great strike. The Pullman company does not escape censure for an excessive reduction of wages without a corresponding reduction in the cost of a touched up for refusing to acquiesce in any reduction at all; the General Managers' Association, which represents the railroad side of the affair is more severely condemned for its part in the tragedy than the other elements. "The commission questions whether any legal authority, statutory or otherwise, can be found to justify some of the features of the Association which have come to light in the investigation. \* \* \* It is a usurpation of power not granted. \* \* \* The association is an illustration of the present and a dreadfully devised plan of corporations to overreach their limitations and to usurp judicial powers and rights not contemplated in their charters and not obtainable from the people or their Legislatures." The use of United States Marshals in running trains is not endorsed by the commission. A permanent United States strike commission is recommended for the arbitration compulsory in some respects.

No Champagne.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—The time-honored custom of breaking a bottle of champagne on the bows of a vessel when it is launched does not meet with the approval of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Philadelphia. At a meeting of the Union today the custom was condemned and a committee appointed to wait upon Charles H. Cramp, president of the Cramp ship building company, to-morrow and present him with a bottle containing river water and request that it be used by Mrs. Cleveland on Monday in christening the St. Louis instead of a bottle of champagne. A communication was also sent to Mrs. Cleveland, notifying her of the Union's action, and asking her to concede to their request not to use the champagne in christening the steamer St. Louis.

Forest Fires.

Dangerous forest fires are raging in portions of Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee. Beebe City, Ark., 33 miles south of Little Rock, is in danger, is in danger, while it is feared that hunting parties in that section have suffered. There has been no rain for months and every thing burns like chaff. Near Florence, Ala., large forces of men are fighting the flames. Paris, Tenn., is surrounded by fire, and the village of Hollywood Miss., is also in great danger. Several farm houses have burned, and a number of lives have been lost.

Killed by Earthquake.

La Paz, Bolivia, Nov. 13.—There have been violent shocks of earthquake along the northern coast of Chile, and in this country. One hundred people have been killed by the disturbances within a radius of forty miles of this city. The Cathedral here has been rendered unsafe, one tower being thrown down.

Will be Hanged.

Harvey and Arnold, the two boys who murdered major Marsh, of Kinsley, Kan., have been tried and sent to the penitentiary to remain until the Governor designates a time for them to be hanged.

Strangler.

At Denver, Colorado, a fiend is prosecuting his sad of murdering fallen women. He chokes them to death by twisting a towel around the neck of his victims. The third victim was slain Monday night.

Twenty-eight thousand bales of cotton was destroyed by fire at New Orleans on the 12th.

The Chinese have surrendered Port Arthur, an important gateway to their capital, Peking.

Mr. W. C. Whitney takes the following cheerful and philosophical view of the situation:

"It does not require a seer to see that the cause of yesterday's results were both general and local. It is a repetition, to my mind of 1874, with the parties reversed. The panic of 1873 resulted in a great Democratic tidal wave in 1874, and the hard times of 1890 and 1891 have resulted in this great Republican victory. That is the great underlying cause, but along with it is the fact that the Democratic party has mismanaged since 1892, and disgusted large bodies of its friends and supporters. That fact has been perfectly evident to everybody. When people are poor and hungry they actually are against the government, and the party in power gets the blame for it. A great many who have loyally supported the party this time will rather rejoice at the thoroughness and completeness of the whipping. If it was to be, they had rather have the lesson with a strong enough not to be mistaken. I do not think it is a verdict against the party or its principles. The Republicans will say so, and it will take a long time to get over it, but the Democratic party has had four times as many defeats as victories since I have been a voter, and it does not demoralize easily. It will be stronger in the end."

Our Dead.

Died Thursday evening, Nov. 8, Miss Hattie Parker, of Livingston county, Ky., in the nineteenth year of her age.

"And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes, and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain, for the things are passed away."

This death has been one of the greatest shocks Salem ever felt, and it is with feelings of the deepest sympathy for the bereaved and sorrow stricken family that we of Salem record the sad event.

She was one of those whose life and character was worthy of not only admiration but imitation.

Some two years ago she embraced the Christian faith, and united with the M. E. church of this place, where she has since been faithful for her vows, until death called her home.

She was a great sufferer through most of her illness, but bore it with great fortitude, scarcely ever complaining that her lot was hard, or even raising the question why she should be thus afflicted.

The news of her death has spread with great rapidity and has stricken a mighty sorrow to the many friends and loved ones; a sorrow that will be felt none but God knows how deeply, in the family circle; a sorrow that will be felt when friends and associates meet where she was wont to make one of the happy company.

Death, the mighty king of terror, has made this part of our State his special prey since early fall, but in no family has he caused greater grief than in this one.

Oh, Hattie, you are sorely missed, you'll be missed around the fireside, where friends and kindred meet; you'll be missed by a kind old father whose old age you helped to cheer; you'll be missed by your loving sisters, whose sorrows you helped to bear; you'll be missed by a friend whose very heartstrings bleed.

In dying, you have proved to us that "it is not all of life to live nor all of death to die."

Many are the tears of sorrow shed by friends on earth, but many more the tears of joy which have been shed by "heaven's host" as they welcomed her to the "New Jerusalem." We know she is not dead but sleeping, and has gone before as a "bright and shining light" to beckon us on to God. We can not see God's purpose in thus taking one so good and true, but whether it be to show his power or to lead some sinful, erring one to Jesus, we know it is for the best, for "he doeth all things well."

Think of us, dearest one, while o'er life's waters we seek the land. Missing thy voice, thy touch and the true helping of thy pure hand.

Till through the storm and tempest safely anchored just on the other side.

We find thy dear face looking through death's shadows, not changed, but glorified.

## We Lead In Our Line!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR STOCK OF

### Fine Millinery Goods

And invite inspection. We carry the handsomest line of, and latest patterns of—

### Hats, Bonnets, Baby Caps and Trimmings

That could be found on the market. See our patterns, hats, our millinery, in velvets, ribbons, laces, hair pins, belt pins, silk combs, handkerchiefs, etc. Do not buy until you see us.

WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY

### Mrs. M. L. Barnes, & Co.

## BUILDING!

If you are thinking of building or need any material for your houses, such as

### Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Shingles, Laths, Doors and Sash,

ALL KINDS OF FINISHING LUMBER. ALL KINDS OF MOULDING and CASING.

Come and get our prices. J. N. Clark will take pleasure in making you prices cheaper than you can get anywhere. Give us a trial. Place of business: Marion Roller Mills.

### A. DEWEY & CO.

## DON'T EAT!

If You Want to Save All Your Money,

But I You Must Eat and Want to Save Some Money too

### BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM

## JOHN BENNETT

He Has a Big Stock And a Little Price.

His goods are fresh, clean, sound and pure; his prices are small and for fairness will endure. He carries the best

### Coffees, Sugars and Provisions of all Kinds, CANDIES, CANNED GOODS, ETC.

He will appreciate your patronage. Remember the name and the place.

NEXT DOOR TO THE CRIDER HOUSE.

### J. J. BENNETT.

### FARM FOR SALE.

I have a farm of 123 acres, lying on Flatlick creek, Crittenden county, Ky., that I want to sell. It is well improved and has plenty of lasting water on it. Terms easy. Come and see me.

W. C. WATSON.

### CASH

I will pay cash for your Hides, Sheep hides, eggs and wool.

M. SCHWAB.

FOR SALE.—A house of six rooms, good cistern, good cellar, centrally located in Marion. For price, etc., see R. C. Walker.

Mrs. M. R. Gillman.

DO YOU WANT A Situation?

WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

Prof. E. W. Smith, for 15 years principal of the Commercial College of KY. UNIVERSITY, Lexington, KY. Awarded Medal and Diploma by the World's Columbian Exposition. For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. that is complete and practical. He teaches the English, French and German languages. He also teaches the art of penmanship and the use of the typewriter. He is a native of New York, and has been a resident of Lexington, Ky., for many years. He is a graduate of the University of Kentucky, and has been a member of the faculty of the Commercial College of KY. UNIVERSITY, Lexington, KY., for many years. He is a man of high character and high ability, and is well qualified to teach any of the above mentioned subjects. He is a native of New York, and has been a resident of Lexington, Ky., for many years. He is a graduate of the University of Kentucky, and has been a member of the faculty of the Commercial College of KY. UNIVERSITY, Lexington, KY., for many years. He is a man of high character and high ability, and is well qualified to teach any of the above mentioned subjects.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard at E. O. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion.

Mr. Foster Crider, a well known citizen, of Tolu, is reported very ill.

Cloaks! For ladies, misses and children. S. L. Hodge & Co.

Revs. Gibbs and Gregston are holding an interesting meeting at Caldwell Springs.

Mrs. Stenmaker, a venerable lady of the Forts Ferry neighborhood, died Tuesday.

John Farmer was before the police court Monday and was fined \$1 for a breach of the peace.

H. B. Simpson, a highly respected citizen of the Piney neighborhood, died Friday, after a long illness.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

Thos. J. Yandell, cashier of the bank, has been sick several days, but is now getting well.

Sam Hurst has purchased a lot on Bellville street, East Marion, and will at once erect a nice residence upon it.

Mrs. Georgia Schoolcraft, of Paducah, is the guest of her sisters Mrs. D. Woods and Mrs. R. I. Nunn, of this county.

We are offering special inducements on stoves for churches and school houses, we have the best stove and the lowest price. Pierce & Son.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

The dial for the big clock are being placed in the tower of the school building; there will be four faces, each four feet in diameter.

We are giving the lowest price on clothing, in order to run our stock out by January 1, 1893.

S. D. Hodge & Co.

Messrs. Joel A. Farmer and W. P. Loyd will serve on the Federal Grand Jury at Paducah at the approaching term of court, which begins Nov. 19.

If you want a long child's cloak, go to S. D. Hodge & Co.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

Not only Marion, but the county is proud of our fine new school building. As it approaches completion, the handsome structure elicits the admiration of everybody.

Mr. Jos. Mason, of Cave-in-Rock, was in town Saturday. He came over after his niece, Mrs. J. C. Mason, of Texas, who has been visiting in Kentucky for some weeks.

Get one of those Melutosh coats at E. C. Moore's. It not only keeps you warm but keeps you dry in the rainy weather. They are beauties, and cheap.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

Miss Lammie Bowman, of Eddyville, is visiting the family of Mr. T. E. Hearin this week.

Don't forget S. D. Hodge & Co., when in need of overcoats, macintoshes, or suit of clothes. Their prices defy competition.

I can not be in Marion next Saturday, but will be there Monday. People wishing to see me may call at the residence of Mr. J. H. Walker. The Teachers Association convenes Saturday at Shady Grove; teachers, trustees and everybody are invited to attend.

MISA WHEELER.

Hoosier Sheeting, yard wide at 4 cents per yard, at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon, Ky.

Mr. T. C. Grieson, of Livingston county, brought to this office some very fine ears of corn raised this year by himself and his father-in-law, Mr. Robert Shelby. As drouth corn, it is hard to beat.

Mr. H. T. Flannery, of Neeleyville, Mo., is in town this week. He likes his new home, and is prospering out there. Henry has friends in Crittenden by the score, who hope that riches and honor will come to him yet.

We are giving especially low prices on all wool red blankets. We are overstocked with them.

S. D. Hodge & Co.

One hundred men from Crittenden went to Morganfield Monday in answer to the summons of Circuit Court of that place, from that number a jury was chosen to try Geo. Dulancy. Another hundred is summoned to go next Monday from which another jury will be chosen to try another of the Dulancy crowd.

The largest stock of hunking gloves at E. C. Moore's, Mattoon. Ten different varieties.

A recent trip to the store of E. C. Moore, at Mattoon, revealed the fact that Mr. Moore carries a big stock of goods. His stock in point of quality or quantity is equal to many stores in towns even larger than Marion. Here was seen piles of dry goods, shelves upon shelves of shoes, and the very best brands, too; hats of the latest makes; underwear for men and women. He has just put in a big line of the celebrated Dixie hosiery. Then he has groceries, glassware, queensware, etc., etc. After looking through his splendid stock, one is readily convinced that the people of that section need go nowhere else to buy goods. Mr. Moore has the assortments, he has the grades, and can supply any taste. His idea is that by keeping as large and as well assorted stock in a country store as there is in the town, the people will learn that it is needless to ride to town to get goods. In prices Mr. Moore is a close cutter; he has no reason to pay and can sell goods mightily cheap. He has made a special effort this fall in the purchase of his winter goods, and wants everybody within a radius of six miles to give him a trial, feeling sure he can save the people money.

Dr. Mitchell, of Atchison, Kan., while in Marion a day or two ago, said there was a number of Kentuckians in Atchison, and they were making their mark in the business and professional circles of that section, among them is Dr. Charles Linley, who married a Marion girl (Miss Fannie Gregory) and settled at Atchison several years ago. Physically he is said to be by far the finest looking man in the State, and his record as a physician is a brilliant one. Dr. Mitchell says that Dr. Linley was a staunch Democrat until this year he wandered off, like his brother, Hon. Ike Linley, of Salem, into Populism, but adds Dr. M., he is coming back and before another election he will be safe at home again in the ranks of his first love—Democracy.

Dr. P. S. Mitchell, of Atchison, Kansas, was in town Tuesday, meeting his many old friends and acquaintances. He went to Livingston county to see his relatives. He was a resident of Livingston county twelve years, and an appreciated correspondent of the Press. He is now a prosperous, happy, and healthy physician of Kansas, and an ardent, hopeful Democrat. He says the recent little landslide was just a chastisement of the party to get it in good shape for a victory in 1896.

Monday while a young man was having some fun riding a bucking horse on the street, he (the man and not the horse) lost his pistol. It came out of his (the young man's) pocket, and half hid itself in the dust of the street. It was afterwards picked up, and the grand jury, it is said, is willing to return it to its owner—whether it be the man or the horse.

Mr. Geo. M. Crider who made such a splendid race for county clerk, will continue in the insurance business with Mr. H. A. Haynes. Mr. Crider came to this state and county four years ago, practically an entire stranger, he soon made an extensive acquaintance and running within 40 votes of the most popular man in the county for the not desirable office in the county shows in what high esteem he is held by the people.

"There is more than one coal mine in Crittenden county putting out the best grade coal in the country," said a citizen to the Press recently; "the product of the mine now being worked by John Imboden is exactly the same as that of the Barnby mines," he said, "and it has no superior in the county."

W. R. Smith's College, Lexington, Ky., is where clerks, farmer boys, and others have invested \$90 for tuition and board for an education and are getting \$100 and over a month now. This is a responsible college. Special attention given to securing situations for graduates. Read his ad. and write for circulars to Prof. W. R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

The Stewards of the Methodist churches on the Marion circuit held a meeting at this place last week and appropriate pastors salary among the churches. Marion church was assessed \$325, Hurricane \$235, Siloam \$110 and Hills Dale \$50.

## City Council.

The Board of Town Trustees convened Tuesday night.

Dr. R. L. Moore was elected to fill the vacancy of the board by the removal of H. H. Loving.

A. J. Pickens, R. L. Moore and R. C. Walker were appointed tax-supervisors.

The City Marshal and Clerk were directed to purchase and put up for use 18 street lamps.

The following claims were allowed: H. P. Long, street work \$10.00, R. L. Thurman, stone, \$9.70, A. F. Griffith, street work, \$4.00, O. H. Paris, lumber, \$1.00.

Marriage licenses have been issued to James T. McPherson and Miss Mary M. James.

See our line of boys knee pants for 50c, 75c and \$1 per pair. S. D. Hodge & Co.

## Thomas-Richards

Yesterday at 3 p. m., in the Methodist church at Hopkinsville, Mr. J. N. Thomas, of this place, and Miss Lillian Lucille Richards, of Hopkinsville, were united in marriage. A large number of friends of the young couple witnessed the happy affair. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party took the train and came to this place. Last night a reception was tendered the party at the residence of Mrs. Carrie Thomas, the groom's mother, and the bride was given a hearty welcome to Marion. The bride is a pretty and accomplished young lady, of one of the best families of Hopkinsville. The groom stands high in business and social circles at Marion.

## Fredonia Valley Bank.

The new bank at Kelsey was organized Tuesday. The stock holders met at that place and elected a board of directors composed of the following well known gentlemen: D. T. Byrd, W. C. Rice, J. W. Rice, S. H. Cassidy and M. B. Lowery. D. T. Byrd was chosen as president, J. W. Rice, vice-president; H. Ed. Rice, cashier and J. C. Elder, Jr., assistant cashier. A contract was let yesterday for the erection of a house, and the new institution will open its doors for business on the first day of January.

## Sunday School Mass Meeting.

The Sunday School Mass Meeting will convene at the C. P. Church Sunday Nov. 18th at three o'clock in the afternoon. The programme is as follows:

Devotional exercises conducted by A. L. Cruce.

How to get the church members to attend the Sunday School, by Rev. J. F. Price.

Is the Sunday School a religious institution? If so, who should attend? by Miss Mina Wheeler.

Services will begin promptly at three o'clock and close at four. Every body invited to attend.

J. W. Blue, Jr., H. A. Hodge, J. H. Morse, Committee.

## Contract Awarded.

The Trustees of the Marion Graded School held a meeting on Monday night and met the representatives of a number of School Desk Companies, and after a careful examination of the various samples on exhibition, awarded the contract to the Columbia Automatic School Desk, manufactured by the Piqua School Furniture Co., of Piqua, Ohio, and represented by John M. Slaves, of Louisville, Ky. Although higher in price than others, it was considered the cheapest and best bid.

## County Court Orders.

W. B. Yandell qualified as administrator of W. G. Koons, deceased.

S. D. Swope allowed \$25 for medical attendance to Geo. Hankins.

W. M. Asher, of Shady Grove, was granted druggist license, having paid the tax of \$50 thereon.

R. W. Taylor allowed \$6 for cook at poor house.

C. L. Burks allowed \$3.67 for school books furnished indigent children.

Messrs. J. A. Davidson, W. R. Gibbs, B. W. Belt, H. L. Sullivan and R. H. Kemp were appointed tax supervisors for the year 1893.

T. J. Stone, administrator of D. Stone, appeared in court and filed a new bond, with D. W. Stone, J. H. Stone, and P. C. Barnett as his sureties.

J. E. Clayborne, R. S. Heath and W. L. Robertson appointed viewers to report upon road proposed by Z. T. Terry.

Wm. Slaton, Wm. Tinsley and George Croft appointed viewers to report upon road proposed by P. C. Barnett.

Robt Deboe, Ed. Buckalew, H. B. Phillips appointed road supervisors.

The will of Armi Peck was probated. She gives her youngest daughter Willis Adaline Rodgers, her undivided one fifth interest in the land upon which she resided; to another daughter, Mary Todd, and Geo. Clomer, a grandson, and Sarah Todd are bequeathed three fifths of the land. To each of the legatees is bequeathed \$5.00.

The will of J. L. Paris, was probated. Nancy Paris, wife of the deceased, is made the legatee of all, Richard McConnell and C. W. Baldwin appointed road overseers.

The following claims were allowed: C. L. Burks, school books for indigent children, \$2.60.

Pierce & Son, road tools, \$27.95.

J. N. Butler, plow and team, on public road, \$5.25.

Chas. Mannheim, delivering pauper to poor house, \$2.50.

Delaney Gets a Continuance.

Morganfield, Ky., Nov. 13.—Henry Delaney filed an affidavit asking a continuance of his case for the reason that his wife, whom he married a month or two ago, was about to give birth to a child, and needed his presence and attention. He based this affidavit on a letter from Dr. Bailey stating these facts. His case was left open until next Monday.

Louis Laird was next put on trial, and the jury has been selected.

GRAND JURORS.

B. I. Allen, J. B. Stephenson, L. J. Hodges, A. K. Love, W. B. Davidson, J. A. Robertson, W. A. Jacobs, A. J. Duvall, L. W. Wilson, T. J. Black, J. H. Harris, Green B. Crawford.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The officers paid into court the following monies as fines, etc., collected:

H. A. Haynes, \$26 13  
D. Woods, 93 55  
Theo Voster, 30 00  
N. E. Todd, 15 00  
C. W. Fox, 01  
J. W. Ainsworth, 20 00  
J. C. Stephenson, 5 00  
W. B. Rankin, 7 50  
J. H. Bugg, 19 50

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J. C. Stephenson, 5 00  
W. B. Rankin, 7 50  
J. H. Bugg, 19 50

The following pauper idiot claims of \$37 each were allowed: Kate Moore, F. J. Holloman, Eversia Holloman, Mary Martha Traves, Silney Jones.

The following commonwealth cases were continued: Robt Hodge, Green Millican, Wm. Maynard, Thos. Myers, Ralph Bugg, Dick Carr, Horace Walker, Maggie Yeats (died away, with leave to reinstate), Houston Stenbridge, Richard Jones, Wm. Bailey, Chas. Nicholson, Elzie Trail, Mrs. Wright, Will Shove, Harvey Willican, Sam Patterson, Jno. Quertamus, W. A. Simpson, Ed. Brantley, John Brantley, Robert Shiger, Sam Martin.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. Holeman grand larceny; dismissed.

Same vs. Thos. Butler, selling liquor without license; continued.

Same vs. Robert Dial, selling liquor on election day; dismissed.

Same vs. John C. Moore, malicious shooting; continued.

Same vs. Bing King, concealed weapons; dismissed.

Same vs. George Wolf, disturbing worship; continued.

James Ford, vagrancy; dismissed.

Commonwealth vs. Joe Hollowell, breach of peace; acquitted.

Same vs. Chas. Murphy; dismissed after hearing testimony.

Same vs. James Fritts, shooting and wounding in sudden heat and passion; fined fifty dollars.

Same vs. Ben King, flourishing pistol; continued by commonwealth.

Same vs. Charles Murphy, flourishing deadly weapon; dismissed.

Same vs. John Hoverton, injuring school house; continued by defendant.

Case of the Commonwealth vs. Tom Lynch is now on trial.

Strayed.

From my farm in Livingston county, near Hampton, about two weeks since, a cow, mostly red, white spots in face, a tye of one horn broken off. She is about to come to fresh. I will give a suitable reward for her return to me or any information that will lead to her recovery.

E. F. Crowley, Hampton, Ky.

Messrs. J. W. Wilson and R. W. Thomas attended the Thomas-Richards nuptials at Hopkinsville.

## STILL LOST.

Bert Perkins, An Eighty Year Old Man, Wanders Away.

## A REWARD OF \$50 OFFERED FOR HIM.

Some weeks ago the Press mentioned the fact that Mr. Bert Perkins had wandered away from the county poor-house. He has not yet been heard of, and his friends are very uneasy about him. Mr. Wash Perkins, a brother of the lost man, was in town Tuesday making diligent inquiries about him. Three weeks ago last Thursday the old man was seen walking down the road that leads from the poor-house. Since that day no one has seen or heard of the feeble old man. He was almost blind, his hearing was very much impaired and he was tottering in his walk and very weak every way, both physically and mentally. It was first reported that he had been seen the same day a short distance from the poor house, but that report proved to be false. The country adjacent to the poor-house has been searched closely for the missing man, but no trace whatever was found of him, and he seems to have been as completely lost as if the earth had swallowed him. The County Judge offers a reward of \$50 for him, and it is to be hoped that he will turn up all right, although the most plausible theory, considering his condition, is that he wandered far away into the woods, became bewildered, and perished.

## CIRCUIT COURT.

No Important Cases Yet Placed On Trial.

Crittenden circuit court convened Monday with Judge Pratt on the bench. The grand jury was charged by the Judge in the morning and the calling of the cases on the docket began in the afternoon. But few jury cases have been disposed of to date.

B. I. Allen, J. B. Stephenson, L. J. Hodges, A. K. Love, W. B. Davidson, J. A. Robertson, W. A. Jacobs, A. J. Duvall, L. W. Wilson, T. J. Black, J. H. Harris, Green B. Crawford.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The officers paid into court the following monies as fines, etc., collected:

H. A. Haynes, \$26 13  
D. Woods, 93 55  
Theo Voster, 30 00  
N. E. Todd, 15 00  
C. W. Fox, 01  
J. W. Ainsworth, 20 00  
J. C. Stephenson, 5 00  
W. B. Rankin, 7 50  
J. H. Bugg, 19 50

The following pauper idiot claims of \$37 each were allowed: Kate Moore, F. J. Holloman, Eversia Holloman, Mary Martha Traves, Silney Jones.

The following commonwealth cases were continued: Robt Hodge, Green Millican, Wm. Maynard, Thos. Myers, Ralph Bugg, Dick Carr, Horace Walker, Maggie Yeats (died away, with leave to reinstate), Houston Stenbridge, Richard Jones, Wm. Bailey, Chas. Nicholson, Elzie Trail, Mrs. Wright, Will Shove, Harvey Willican, Sam Patterson, Jno. Quertamus, W. A. Simpson, Ed. Brantley, John Brantley, Robert Shiger, Sam Martin.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. Holeman grand larceny; dismissed.

Same vs. Thos. Butler, selling liquor without license; continued.

Same vs. Robert Dial, selling liquor on election day; dismissed.

Same vs. John C. Moore, malicious shooting; continued.

Same vs. Bing King, concealed weapons; dismissed.

Same vs. George Wolf, disturbing worship; continued.

James Ford, vagrancy; dismissed.

Commonwealth vs. Joe Hollowell, breach of peace; acquitted.

Same vs. Chas. Murphy; dismissed after hearing testimony.

Same vs. James Fritts, shooting and wounding in sudden heat and passion; fined fifty dollars.

Same vs. Ben King, flourishing pistol; continued by commonwealth.

Same vs. Charles Murphy, flourishing deadly weapon; dismissed.

Same vs. John Hoverton, injuring school house; continued by defendant.

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I am not **NOT** Selling at Cost

But in order to induce the people of this and adjoining counties to come to Marion to buy all your

Staple Groceries,  
Queensware  
Saddlery

Hardware,  
Wagons  
Stoves

you need between now and the first of the year I will give you some prices to suit the hard times. I have at least

## A Twelve Thousand Dollar Stock

on hand that I must close out to make a change by the first of the year. All that I ask is for you to note my prices and come and see my goods, and then buy where you please.

## LOOK AT THESE PRICES

Granulated Sugar 20lbs for	\$1.00	Best home made sorghum, in any
Light C Sugar 21lbs for	\$1.00	quantity 25cts per gallon.
Best Grade Coffee 4½ lbs for	\$1.00	Best straight grade flour, per barrel
Medium Coffee 5lbs for	1.00	\$2.75
Soda 6lbs for 25cts		No. 1. Good parched coffee 4 lbs
Water buckets 10cts		for 1.00
Tea 20cts per lb.		Arbuckles Coffee 2 packages for 45c
Washboards 15cts		Knives & Forks, per set, 45c and up
Good broom 15cts		Tea spoons, per set 5c and up.
Bacon 10cts		Table spoons per set 10c and up
Lard 10cts		

